

Data Collection & Sources

Existing Data/Research

➤ Types of existing data/research

- Empirical literature (e.g., peer-reviewed literature)
- Gray literature (e.g., unpublished studies, white papers, government technical reports)
- Available demographic, social, economic, environmental and health data from surveys and other sources, including the following:

United States Census Bureau, <i>American Fact Finder</i>	Populations data on demographics; social and economic characteristics; at state, county, zip code, census tract, block group, and block level
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), <i>Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)</i>	The world's largest on-going telephone health survey system, tracking health conditions and risk behaviors in the U.S.
CDC, <i>National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network</i>	Health and environmental data available through a public portal, narrow searches by queries
Public Agencies	Health, transportation, environment, planning, housing, etc.

- Regulatory criteria, standards, checklists and benchmarks

New Data – Primary Data Collection

Consider feasibility of primary data collection in light of HIA timeframe during scoping.

➤ Primary data collection

- Community input/expertise:
 - Surveys
 - Focus groups
 - Opportunity samples (public meetings)
- Specialized data collection
 - Walkability surveys
 - Modeling air quality or noise
 - Forecasting tools
 - Epidemiological studies

